

Die strongSwan Open Source VPN Lösung

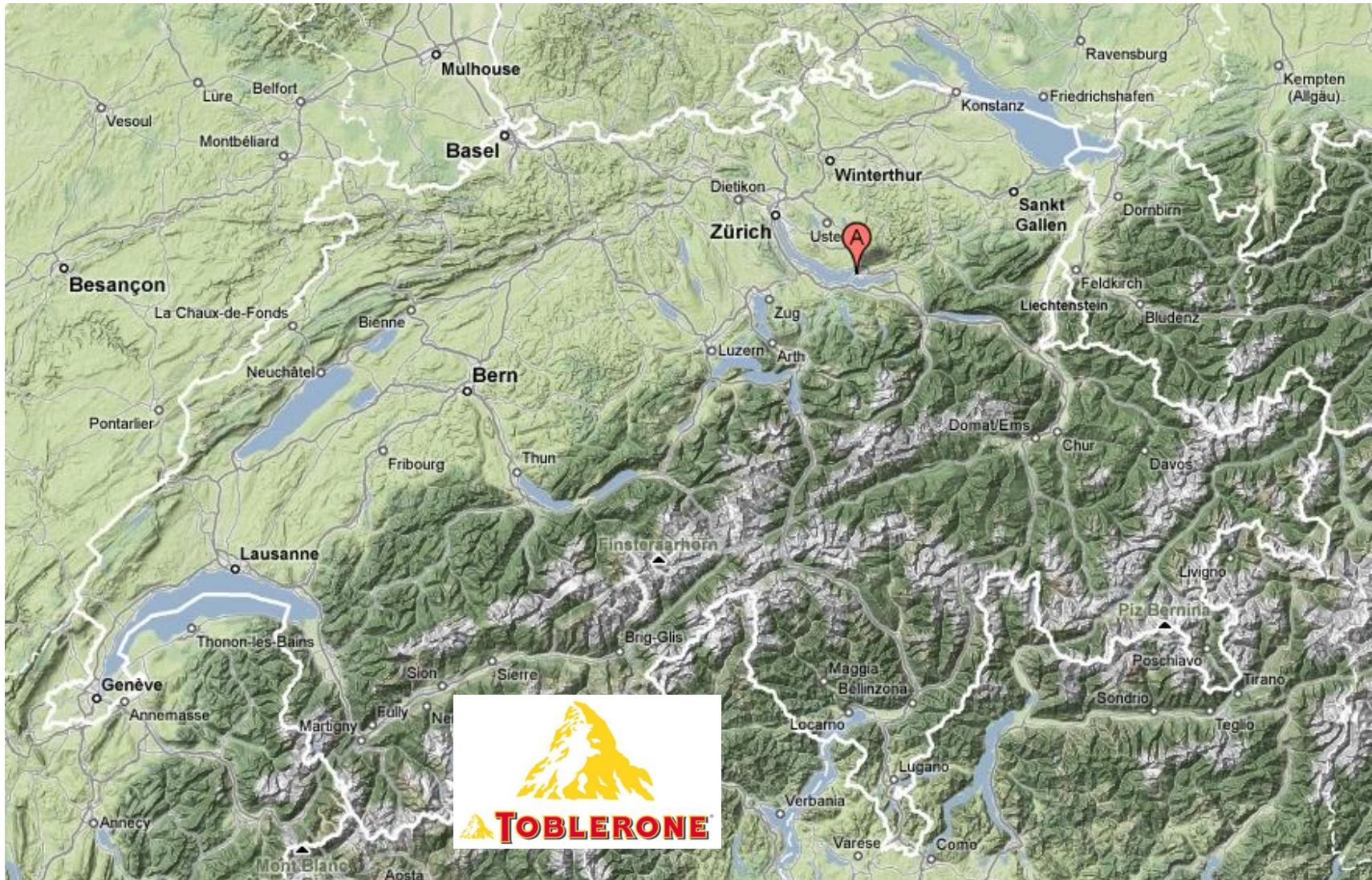
Open Source Trend Days 2013 Steinfurt

www.strongswan.org

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Wo um Gottes Willen liegt Rapperswil?



- Fachhochschule mit ca. 1500 Studierenden
- Studiengang für Informatik (300-400 Studierende)
- Bachelorstudium (3 Jahre), Masterstudium (+1.5 Jahre)

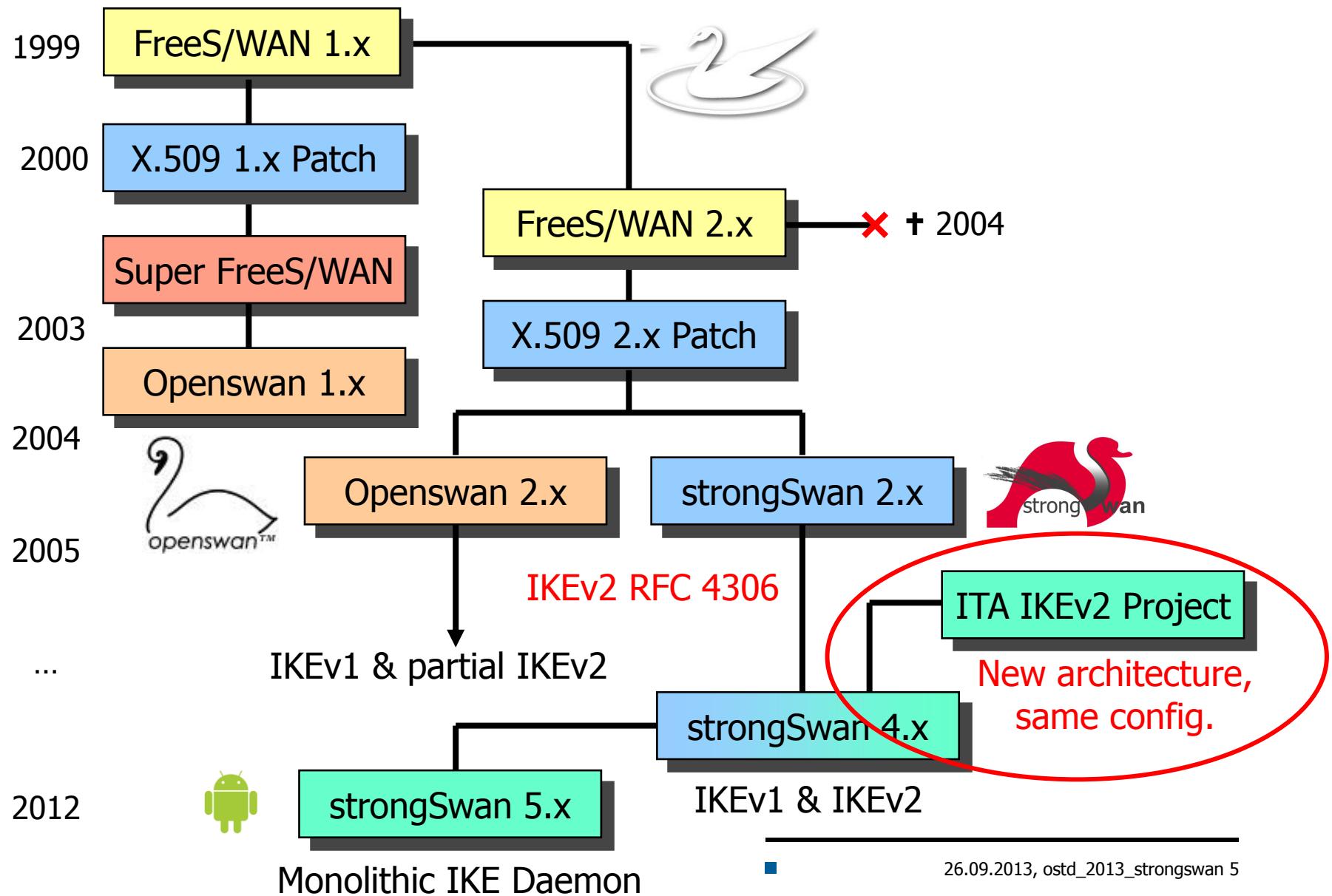


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Das strongSwan Projekt

The strongSwan Open Source VPN Project



strongSwan – the Open Source VPN Solution



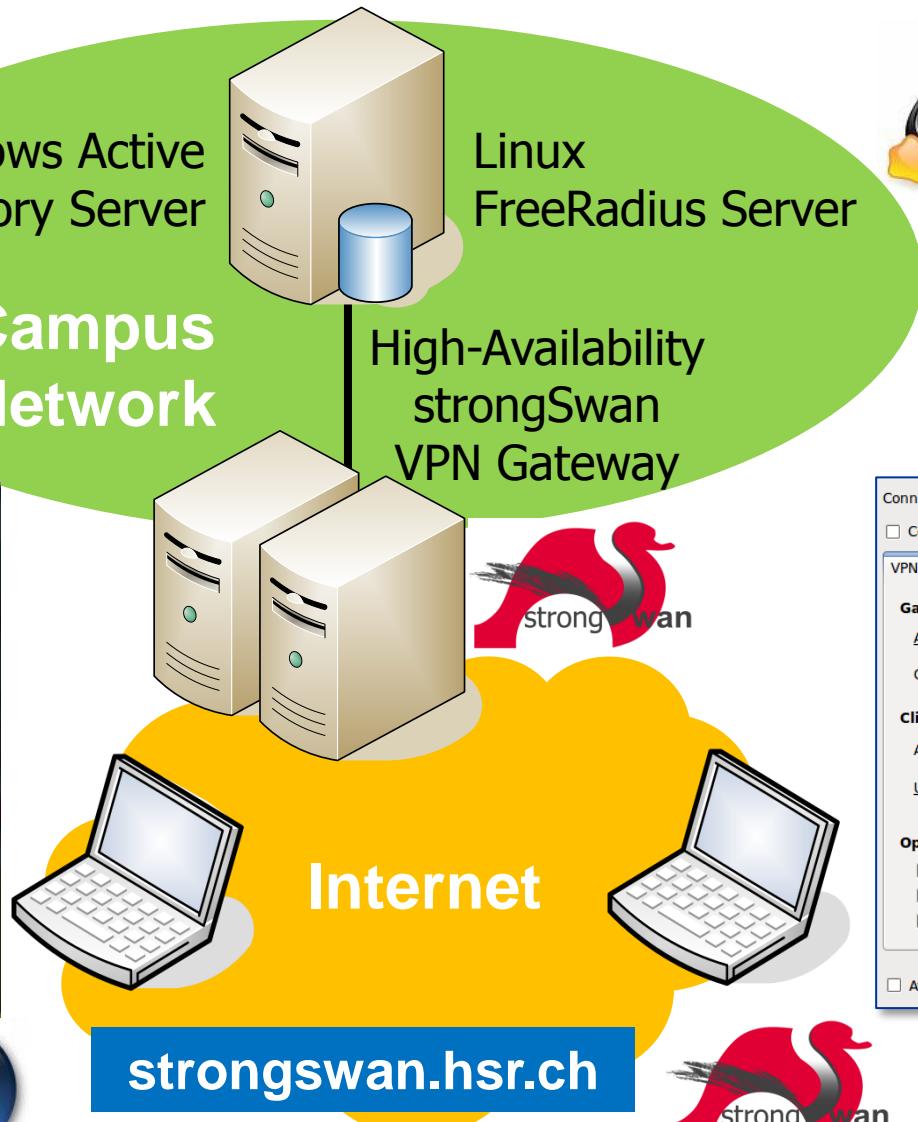
strongSwan
Client



Windows 7/8
Agile VPN Client



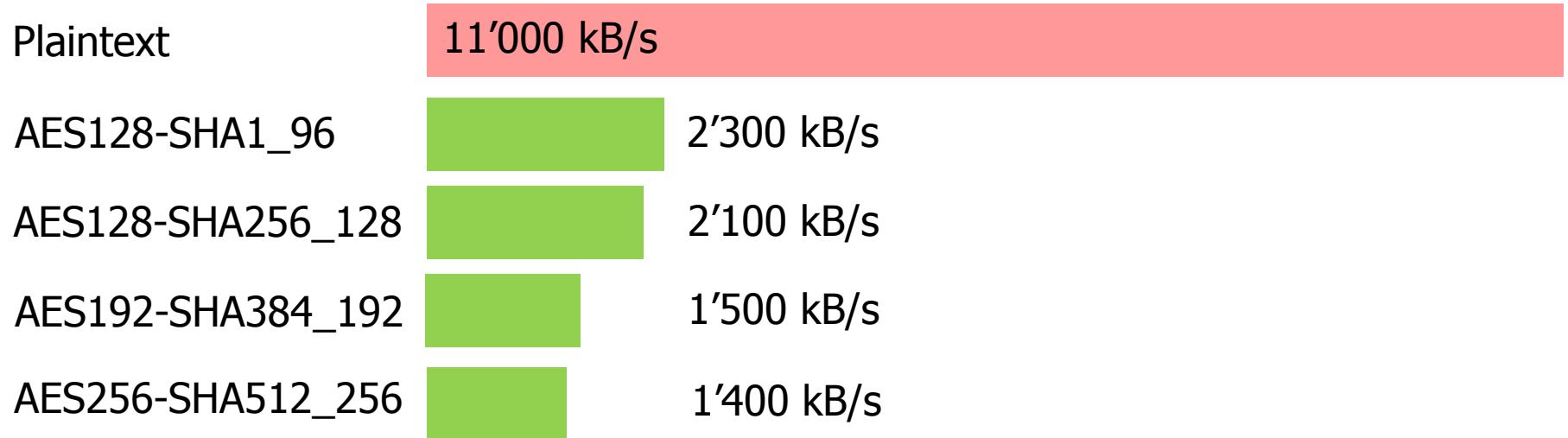
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Supported Operating Systems and Platforms

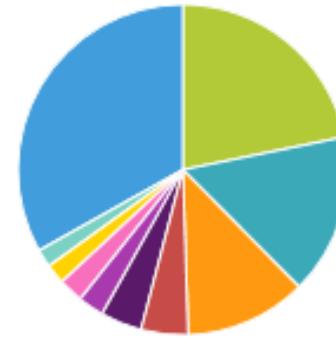
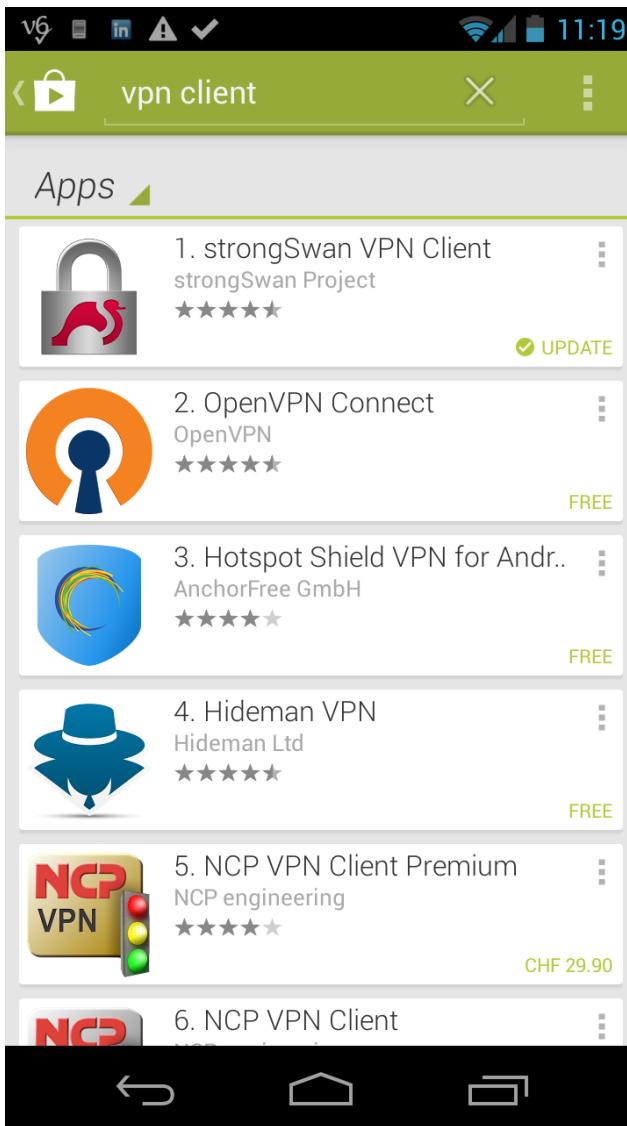
- Supported Operating Systems
 - Linux 2.6.x, 3.x (optional integration into NetworkManager)
 - Android 4.x App (using libipsec userland ESP encryption)
 - Mac OS X App (using libipsec userland ESP encryption)
 - Mac OS X (via command line)
 - FreeBSD
 - OpenWrt
- Supported Hardware Platforms (GNU autotools)
 - Intel i686/x86_64, AMD64
 - ARM, MIPS
 - PowerPC
- Supported Network Stacks
 - IPv4, IPv6
 - IPv6-in-IPv4 ESP tunnels
 - IPv4-in-IPv6 ESP tunnels

strongSwan on Raspberry Pi



- Performance measurement setup
 - Two Raspberry Pi hosts connected via 100 Mbit/s Ethernet
 - FTP download of an 18 MB file
- No Authenticated Encryption (AEAD) Support
 - Unfortunately the efficient AES-GCM ESP algorithm family is not enabled in the current Raspberry Pi kernel.

Free Download from Google Play Store

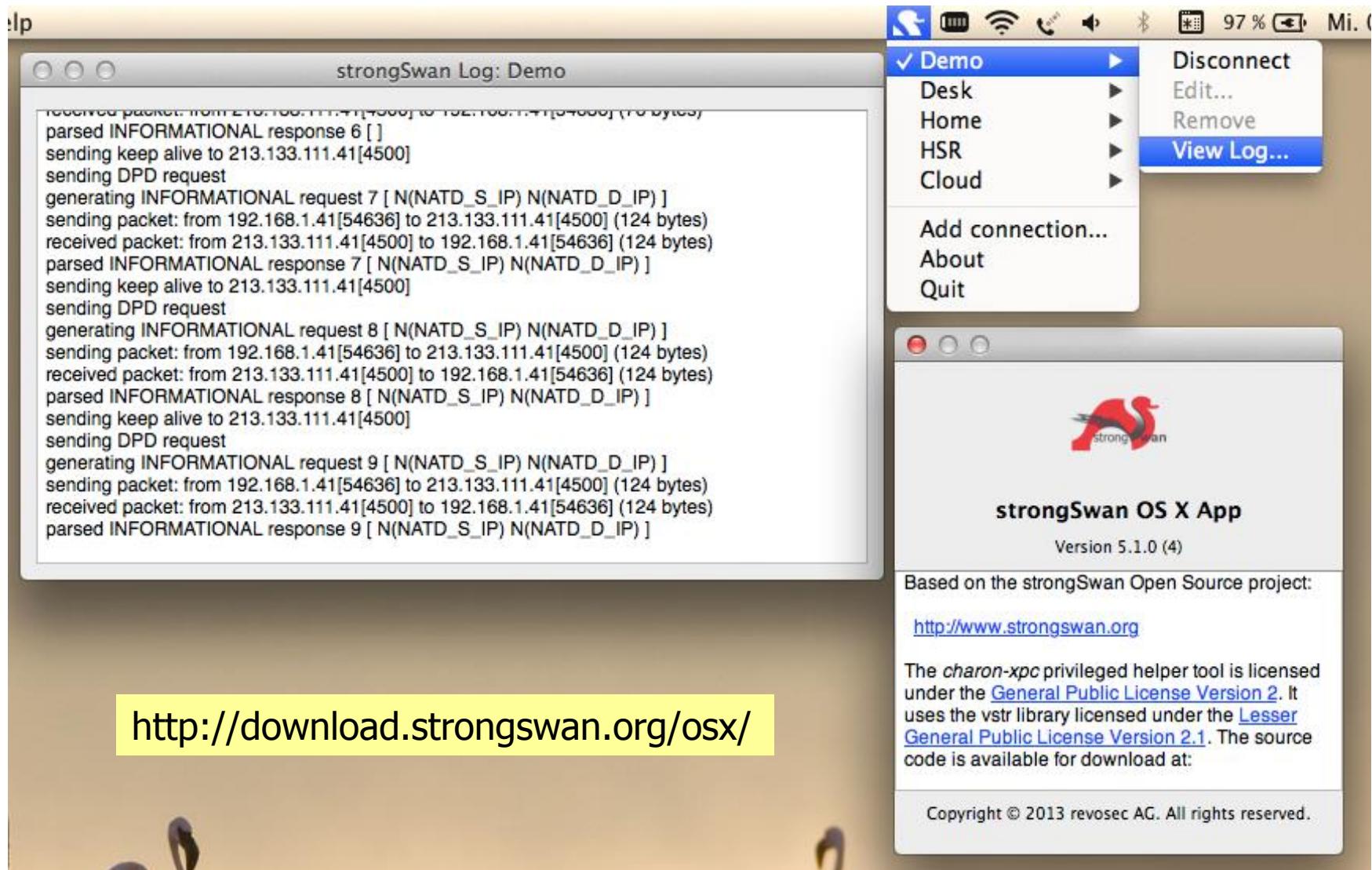


Sep 24 2013:
6,605 installations

YOUR APP

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	United States	1,441	21.82%
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	China	1,038	15.72%
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Germany	790	11.96%
<input type="checkbox"/>	United Kingdom	303	4.59%
<input type="checkbox"/>	Russia	268	4.06%
<input type="checkbox"/>	Switzerland	169	2.56%
<input type="checkbox"/>	Canada	161	2.44%
<input type="checkbox"/>	Italy	130	1.97%
<input type="checkbox"/>	France	117	1.77%
<input type="checkbox"/>	Others	2,188	33.13%

Mac OS X App



The screenshot shows the strongSwan OS X App interface. On the left, a window titled "strongSwan Log: Demo" displays a continuous stream of network log entries. On the right, the main application window has a title bar with the strongSwan logo and the text "strongSwan OS X App Version 5.1.0 (4)". A context menu is open over the application window, with "Demo" selected. The menu includes options like "Disconnect", "Edit...", "Remove", and "View Log...". Below the menu, there are links for "Add connection...", "About", and "Quit". At the bottom of the application window, it says "Based on the strongSwan Open Source project: <http://www.strongswan.org>". A note at the bottom right states: "The *charon-xpc* privileged helper tool is licensed under the [General Public License Version 2](#). It uses the *vstr* library licensed under the [Lesser General Public License Version 2.1](#). The source code is available for download at: [http://www.strongswan.org](#)". A yellow box highlights the URL "http://download.strongswan.org/osx/".

<http://download.strongswan.org/osx/>

- **libstrongswan plugins**

aes af_alg agent blowfish ccm cmac constraints ctr curl des dnskey fips_prf
gcm gcrypt gmp hmac keychain ldap md4 md5 mysql nonce openssl padlock
pem pgp pkcs1 pkcs11 pkcs12 pkcs7 pkcs8 pubkey random rc2 rdrand
revocation sha1 sha2 soup sqlite sshkey test_vectors unbound x509 xcbc

- **libcharon plugins**

addrblock android_dns android_log certexpire coupling dhcp duplcheck
eap_aka eap_aka_3gpp2 eap_dynamic eap_qtc eap_identity eap_md5
eap_mschapv2 eap_peap eap_radius eap_sim eap_simaka_pseudonym
eap_simaka_reauth eap_simaka_sql eap_sim_file eap_sim_pcsc eap_tls
eap_tnc eap_ttls error_notify farp ha ipseckey kernel_libipsec led load_tester
lookip maemo medcli medsrv osx_attr radattr smp socket_default
socket_dynamic sql stroke systime_fix tnc_ifmap tnc_pdp uci unit_tester
unity updown whitelist xauth_eap xauth_generic xauth_noauth xauth_pem

- **libhydra plugins**

attr attr_sql kernel_klips kernel_netlink kernel_pfkey kernel_pfroute resolve

- **libtnccs plugins**

tnccs_11 tnccs_20 tnccs_dynamic tnc_imc tnc_imv tnc_tnccs

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Remote Access mit zertifikat-basierter
Authentisierung

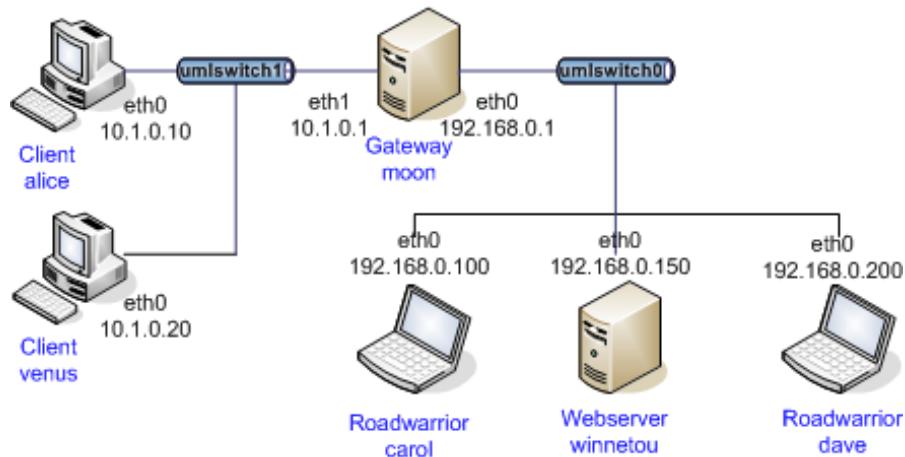
IKEv2 Remote Access Scenario

```
#ipsec.secrets for roadwarrior carol
: RSA carolKey.pem "nH5ZQEWTku0RJEZ6"
```

```
#ipsec.secrets for gateway moon
: RSA moonKey.pem
```

```
#ipsec.conf for roadwarrior carol
conn home
  keyexchange=ikev2
  left=%any
  leftsourceip=%config
  leftcert=carolCert.pem
  leftid=carol@strongswan.org
  leftfirewall=yes
  right=192.168.0.1
  rightid=moon.strongswan.org
  rightsubnet=10.1.0.0/16
  auto=start
```

```
#ipsec.conf for gateway moon
conn rw
  keyexchange=ikev2
  left=%any
  leftsubnet=10.1.0.0/24
  leftcert=moonCert.pem
  leftid=moon.strongswan.org
  leftfirewall=yes
  right=%any
  rightsourceip=10.3.0.0/24
  auto=add
```



IKEv2 Connection Setup

carol

```
05[ENC] generating IKE_SA_INIT request [SA KE No N(NATD_S_IP) N(NATD_D_IP) ]
05[NET] sending packet: from 192.168.0.100[500] to 192.168.0.1[500]
06[NET] received packet: from 192.168.0.1[500] to 192.168.0.100[500]
06[ENC] parsed IKE_SA_INIT response [SA KE No N(NATD_S_IP) N(NATD_D_IP) CERTREQ]
06[ENC] generating IKE_AUTH request [IDi CERT CERTREQ IDr AUTH CP SA TSi TSr]
06[NET] sending packet: from 192.168.0.100[4500] to 192.168.0.1[4500]
07[NET] received packet: from 192.168.0.1[4500] to 192.168.0.100[4500]
07[ENC] parsed IKE_AUTH response [IDr CERT AUTH CP SA TSi TSr N(AUTH_LFT) ]
07[IKE] installing new virtual IP 10.3.0.1
07[AUD] established CHILD_SA successfully
```

MOON

```
05[NET] received packet: from 192.168.0.100[500] to 192.168.0.1[500]
05[ENC] parsed IKE_SA_INIT request [SA KE No N(NATD_S_IP) N(NATD_D_IP) ]
05[ENC] generating IKE_SA_INIT response [SA KE No N(NATD_S_IP) N(NATD_D_IP) CERTREQ]
05[NET] sending packet: from 192.168.0.1[500] to 192.168.0.100[500]
06[NET] received packet: from 192.168.0.100[4500] to 192.168.0.1[4500]
06[ENC] parsed IKE_AUTH request [IDi CERT CERTREQ IDr AUTH CP SA TSi TSr]
06[IKE] peer requested virtual IP %any
06[IKE] assigning virtual IP 10.3.0.1 to peer
06[AUD] established CHILD_SA successfully
06[ENC] generating IKE_AUTH response [IDr CERT AUTH CP SA TSi TSr N(AUTH_LFT) ]
06[NET] sending packet: from 192.168.0.1[4500] to 192.168.0.100[4500]
```

IKEv2 Configuration Payload

carol

```
carol> ip addr list dev eth0
eth0: inet 192.168.0.100/24 brd 192.168.0.255 scope global eth0
      inet 10.3.0.1/32 scope global eth0

carol> ip route list table 220
10.1.0.0/24 dev eth0 proto static src 10.3.0.1
```

- A virtual IP requested and obtained through `leftsourceip=%config` is directly configured by strongSwan via the RT Netlink socket

moon

```
moon> ip addr list
eth0: inet 192.168.0.1/24 brd 192.168.0.255 scope global eth0
eth1: inet 10.1.0.1/16 brd 10.1.255.255 scope global eth1

moon> ip route list table 220
10.3.0.1 dev eth0 proto static src 10.1.0.1
```

- If a host has an internal interface which is part of the negotiated traffic selectors then this source address is assigned to tunneled IP packets.

Volatile RAM-based IP Address Pools

- Configuration in ipsec.conf

```
conn rw
...
rightsourceip=10.3.0.0/24
auto=add
```

- Statistics

```
ipsec leases

Leases in pool 'rw', usage: 2/255, 2 online
    10.3.0.2    online    'dave@strongswan.org'
    10.3.0.1    online    'carol@strongswan.org'
```

- Referencing and sharing a volatile pool

```
conn rw1
...
rightsourceip=%rw
auto=add
```

Persistent SQL-based IP Address Pools I

- SQLite database table definitions

```
cd strongswan-x.y.z
cp testing/hosts/default/etc/ipsec.d/tables.sql /etc/ipsec.d
```

- Creation of SQLite database

```
cat /etc/ipsec.d/tables.sql | sqlite3 /etc/ipsec.d/ipsec.db
```

- Connecting to the SQLite database

```
# /etc/strongswan.conf - strongSwan configuration file

libhydra {
    plugins {
        attr-sql {
            database = sqlite:///etc/ipsec.d/ipsec.db
        }
    }
}
```

Persistent SQL-based IP Address Pools II

- Pool creation

```
ipsec pool --add bigpool --start 10.3.0.1 --end 10.3.0.254 --timeout 48
allocating 254 addresses... done.
```

- Configuration in ipsec.conf

```
conn rw
    keyexchange=ikev2
    ...
    rightsourceip=%bigpool
    auto=add
```

- Statistics

```
ipsec pool --status
name      start        end          timeout   size    online    usage
bigpool  10.3.0.1    10.3.0.254   48h       254     1 ( 0%)   2 ( 0%)
  

ipsec pool --leases --filter pool=bigpool
name      address    status start      end          identity
bigpool  10.3.0.1  online Oct 22 23:13:50 2009  carol@strongswan.org
bigpool  10.3.0.2  valid  Oct 22 23:14:11 2009 Oct 22 23:14:25 2009 dave@strongswan.org
```

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Remote Access mit RADIUS-basierter
Authentisierung

RADIUS-Based Authentication

```
#ipsec.secrets for roadwarrior carol
carol: EAP "Ar3etTnp"
```

```
#ipsec.secrets for gateway moon
: RSA moonKey.pem
```

```
#ipsec.conf for roadwarrior carol
conn home
    keyexchange=ikev2
    left=%any
    leftsourceip=%config
    leftauth=eap
    eap_identity=carol
    right=moon.strongswan.org
    rightid=moon.strongswan.org
    rightauth=pubkey
    rightsubnet=0.0.0.0/0
    auto=start
```

```
#ipsec.conf for gateway moon
conn rw
    keyexchange=ikev2
    left=%any
    leftauth=pubkey
    leftsubnet=10.1.0.0/24
    leftcert=moonCert.pem
    leftid=moon.strongswan.org
    right=%any
    rightsendcert=never
    rightauth=eap-radius
    rightsourceip=%radius
    eap_identity=%any
    auto=add
```

RADIUS Configuration

- /etc/strongswan.conf on gateway moon

```
charon {
    plugins {
        eap-radius {
            secret = gv6URkSs
            server = 10.1.0.10
            accounting = yes
        }
    }
}
```

- /etc/freeradius/users on RADIUS server alice

```
carol Cleartext-Password := "Ar3etTnp"
        Framed-IP-Address = 10.3.0.1
dave  Cleartext-Password := "W7R0g3do"
        Framed-IP-Address = 10.3.0.2
```

RADIUS Accounting

- Accounting Record

```
Wed Jul 31 21:28:31 2013
  Acct-Status-Type = Stop
  Acct-Session-Id = "1375306104-1"
  NAS-Port-Type = Virtual
  Service-Type = Framed-User
  NAS-Port = 1
  NAS-Port-Id = "rw-eap"
  NAS-IP-Address = 192.168.0.1
  Called-Station-Id = "192.168.0.1[4500]"
  Calling-Station-Id = "192.168.0.100[4500]"
  User-Name = "carol"
  Framed-IP-Address = 10.3.0.1
  Framed-IPv6-Prefix = fec3::1/128
  Acct-Output-Octets = 7100
  Acct-Output-Packets = 5
  Acct-Input-Octets = 7100
  Acct-Input-Packets = 5
  Acct-Session-Time = 6
  Acct-Terminate-Cause = User-Request
  NAS-Identifier = "strongSwan"
  Acct-Unique-Session-Id = "5716061d9f73b686"
  Timestamp = 1375306111
```

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Nahtlose LAN Integration von Remote
Access Clients

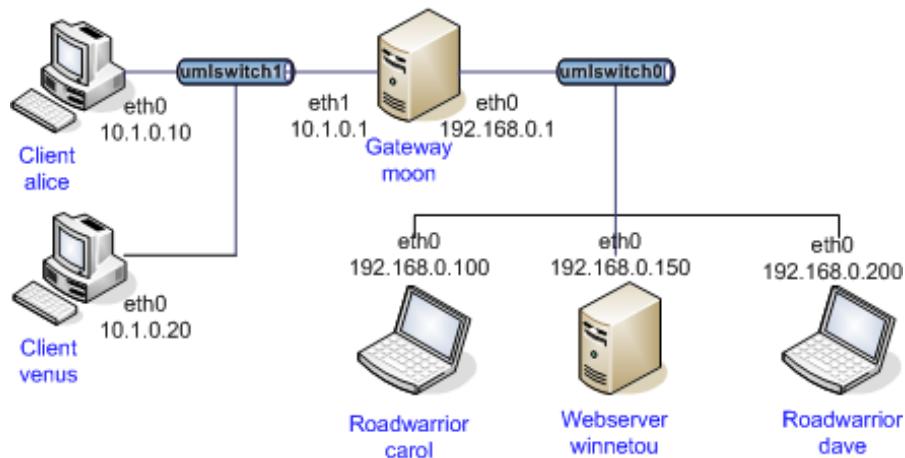
LAN Integration via DHCP and ARP

```
#ipsec.secrets for roadwarrior carol
: RSA carolKey.pem "nH5ZQEWTku0RJEZ6"
```

```
#ipsec.secrets for gateway moon
: RSA moonKey.pem
```

```
#ipsec.conf for roadwarrior carol
conn home
  keyexchange=ikev2
  left=%any
  leftsourceip=%config
  leftcert=carolCert.pem
  leftid=carol@strongswan.org
  leftfirewall=yes
  right=192.168.0.1
  rightid=moon.strongswan.org
  rightsubnet=0.0.0.0/0
  auto=start
```

```
#ipsec.conf for gateway moon
conn rw
  keyexchange=ikev2
  left=%any
  leftsubnet=10.1.0.0/24
  leftcert=moonCert.pem
  leftid=moon.strongswan.org
  leftfirewall=yes
  right=%any
  rightsourceip=%dhcp
  auto=add
```



DHCP Server Configuration

- strongswan.conf on gateway moon

```
charon {  
    plugins {  
        dhcp {  
            server = 10.1.255.255  
        }  
    }  
}
```

- The **farp** and **dhcp** plugins are required for the LAN use case

DHCP Server Configuration

- dhcpcd configuration file on DHCP Server venus

```
ddns-update-style none;

subnet 10.1.0.0 netmask 255.255.0.0 {
    option domain-name      "strongswan.org";
    option domain-name-servers 10.1.0.20;
    option netbios-name-servers 10.1.0.10;
    option routers           10.1.0.1;
    option broadcast-address 10.1.255.255;
    next-server              10.1.0.20;

    range 10.1.0.50 10.1.0.60;
}

host carol {
    option dhcp-client-identifier "carol@strongswan.org";
    fixed-address               10.1.0.30;
}

host dave {
    option dhcp-client-identifier "dave@strongswan.org";
    fixed-address               10.1.0.40;
}
```

- Either static or dynamic address assignment

strongSwan SOHO Lösung für Windowsnetze



Verbindungen Benutzerkonten Gerät Log Abmelden

VPN Verbindungs-Log

```
[21.07.11 22:26:26] initiating EAP_IDENTITY method (id 0x00)
[21.07.11 22:26:26] peer supports MOBIKE
[21.07.11 22:26:26] authentication of 'C=CH, O=revosec AG, CN=PBL6HJ7E' (myself) w
[21.07.11 22:26:26] sending end entity cert "C=CH, O=revosec AG, CN=PBL6HJ7E"
[21.07.11 22:26:26] generating IKE_AUTH response 1 [ IDr CERT AUTH EAP/REQ/ID ]
[21.07.11 22:26:26] sending packet: from 10.10.1.24[4500] to 193.247.250.29[20089]
[21.07.11 22:26:26] received packet: from 193.247.250.29[20089] to 10.10.1.24[4500]
[21.07.11 22:26:26] parsed IKE_AUTH request 2 [ EAP/RES/ID ]
[21.07.11 22:26:26] received EAP identity '1300-0010-3767-2178@upn.suisseid.ch'
[21.07.11 22:26:26] initiating EAP_TLS method (id 0x6E)
[21.07.11 22:26:26] generating IKE_AUTH response 2 [ EAP/REQ/TLS ]
[21.07.11 22:26:26] sending packet: from 10.10.1.24[4500] to 193.247.250.29[20089]
[21.07.11 22:26:27] received packet: from 193.247.250.29[20089] to 10.10.1.24[4500]
[21.07.11 22:26:27] parsed IKE_AUTH request 3 [ EAP/RES/TLS ]
[21.07.11 22:26:27] received TLS 'renegotiation info' extension
[21.07.11 22:26:27] received TLS 'elliptic curves' extension
[21.07.11 22:26:27] received TLS 'ec point formats' extension
[21.07.11 22:26:27] negotiated TLS version TLS 1.0 with suite TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128
[21.07.11 22:26:27] sending TLS server certificate 'C=CH, O=revosec AG, C
[21.07.11 22:26:27] sending TLS cert request for 'C=CH, O=SwissSign AG, C
[21.07.11 22:26:27] sending TLS cert request for 'C=ch, O=Swisscom, OU=Di
[21.07.11 22:26:27] sending TLS cert request for 'C=BM, O=QuoVadis Limite
[21.07.11 22:26:27] generating IKE_AUTH response 3 [ EAP/REQ/TLS ]
[21.07.11 22:26:27] sending packet: from 10.10.1.24[4500] to 193.247.250.
[21.07.11 22:26:27] received packet: from 193.247.250.29[20089] to 10.10.
[21.07.11 22:26:27] parsed IKE_AUTH request 4 [ EAP/RES/TLS ]
[21.07.11 22:26:27] generating IKE_AUTH response 4 [ EAP/REQ/TLS ]
[21.07.11 22:26:27] sending packet: from 10.10.1.24[4500] to 193.247.250.
```



Die strongSwan Open Source VPN Lösung

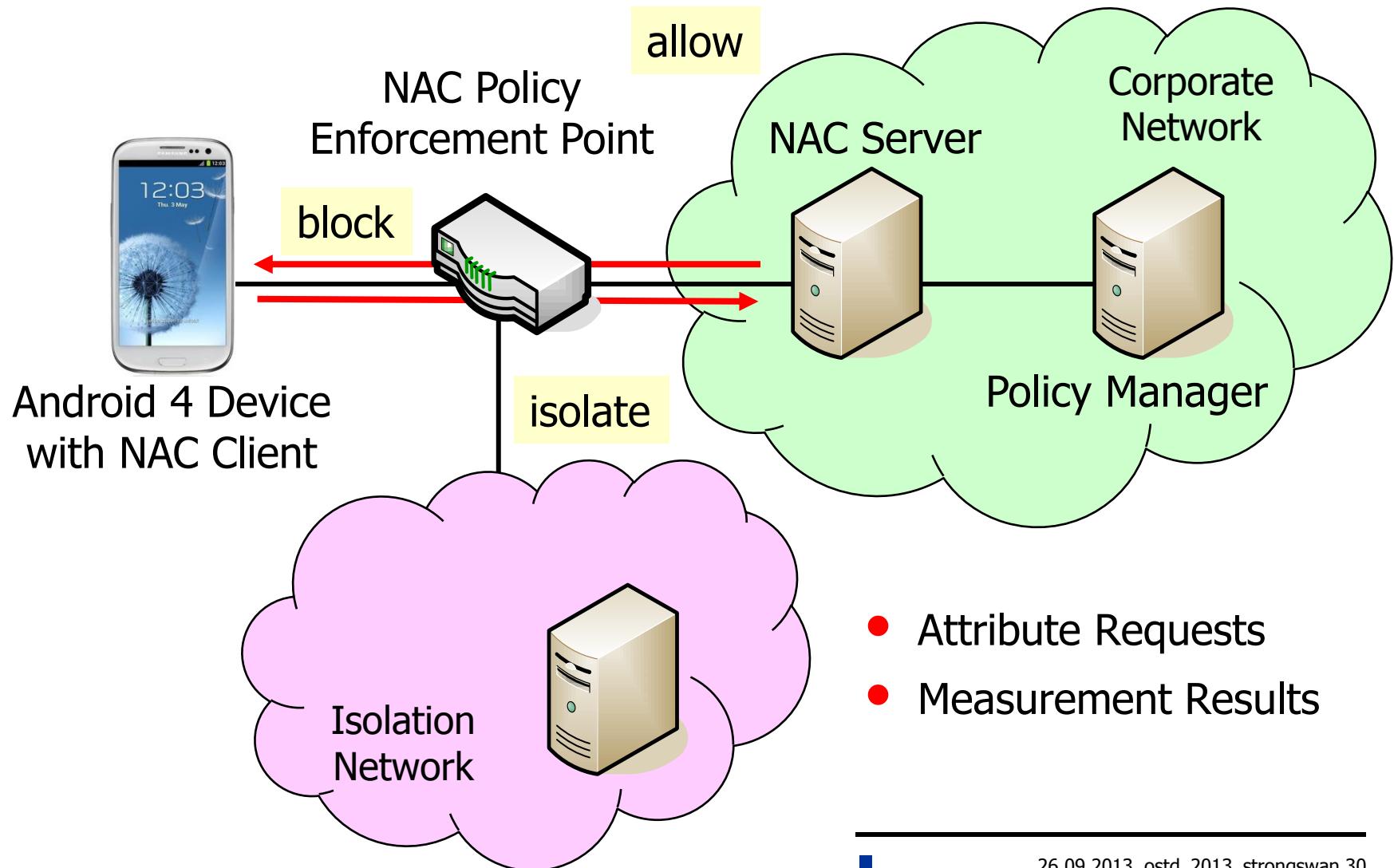
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Network Access Control

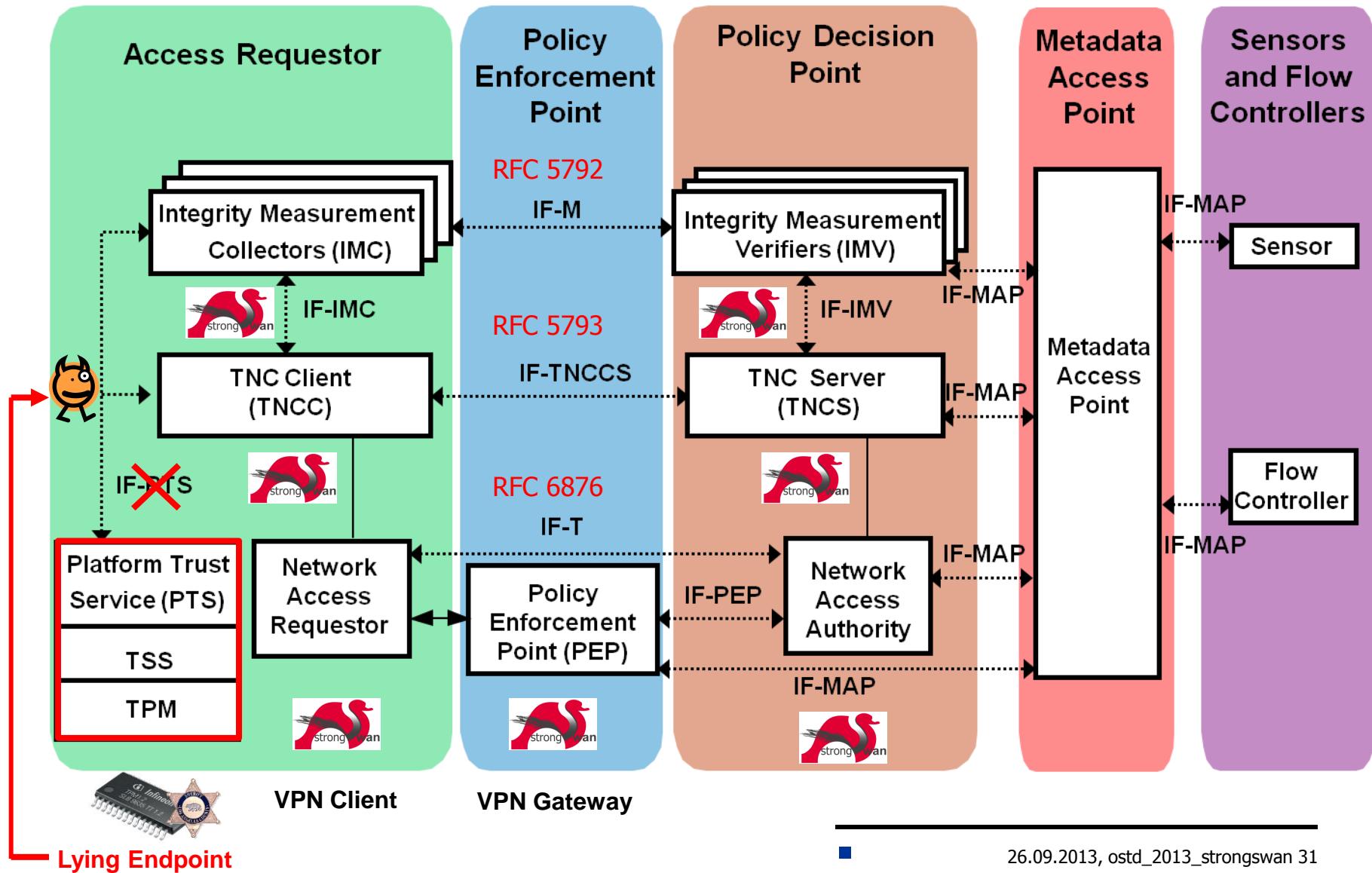
● Security Issues

- Users do not protect access to their devices or use weak passwords or login methods.
- Users download and install dangerous software packages containing malware from unknown sources.
- Users do not regularly apply security updates to the installed software packages and operating system.
- Users run server applications potentially giving third parties access to the corporate network and/or sensitive data
- Malware might embed itself into the operating system, modifying system commands and libraries.

Android BYOD with Network Access Control



Trusted Network Connect (TNC) Architecture



Layered TNC Protocol Stack

- IF-T Transport Protocol

PT-TLS (RFC 6876) or PT-EAP

```
[NET] received packet: from 152.96.15.29[50871] to 77.56.144.51[4500] (320 bytes)
[ENC] parsed IKE_AUTH request 8 [ EAP/RES/TTLS ]
[IKE] received tunneled EAP-TTLS AVP [EAP/RES/TNC]
```

- IF-M Measurement Protocol

PA-TNC (RFC 5792)

```
[TNC] received TNCCS batch (160 bytes) for Connection ID 1
[TNC] PB-TNC state transition from 'Init' to 'Server Working'
[TNC] processing PB-TNC CDATA batch
[TNC] processing PB-Language-Preference message (31 bytes)
[TNC] processing PB-PA message (121 bytes)
[TNC] setting language preference to 'en'
```

- IF-TNCCS TNC Client-Server Protocol

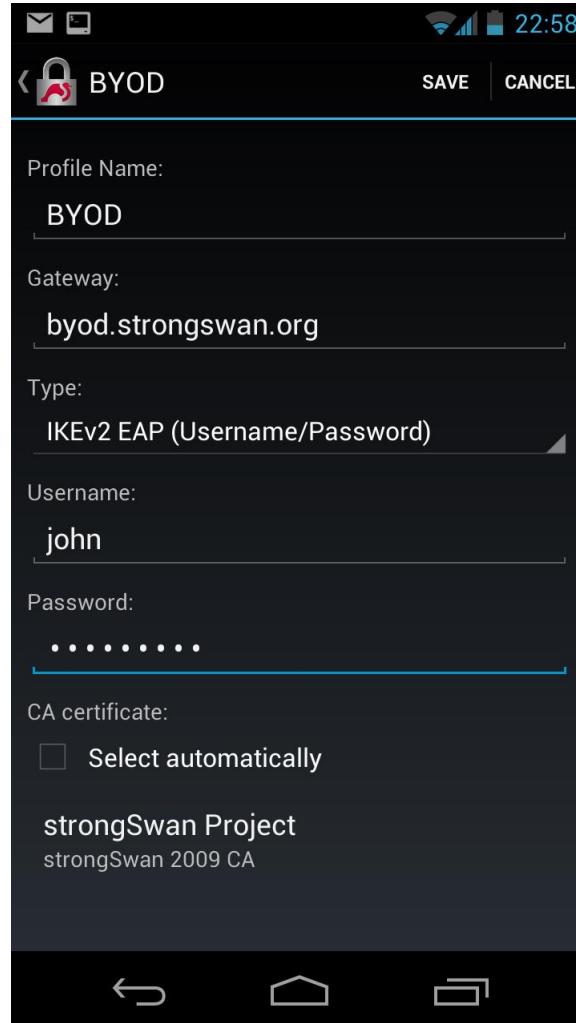
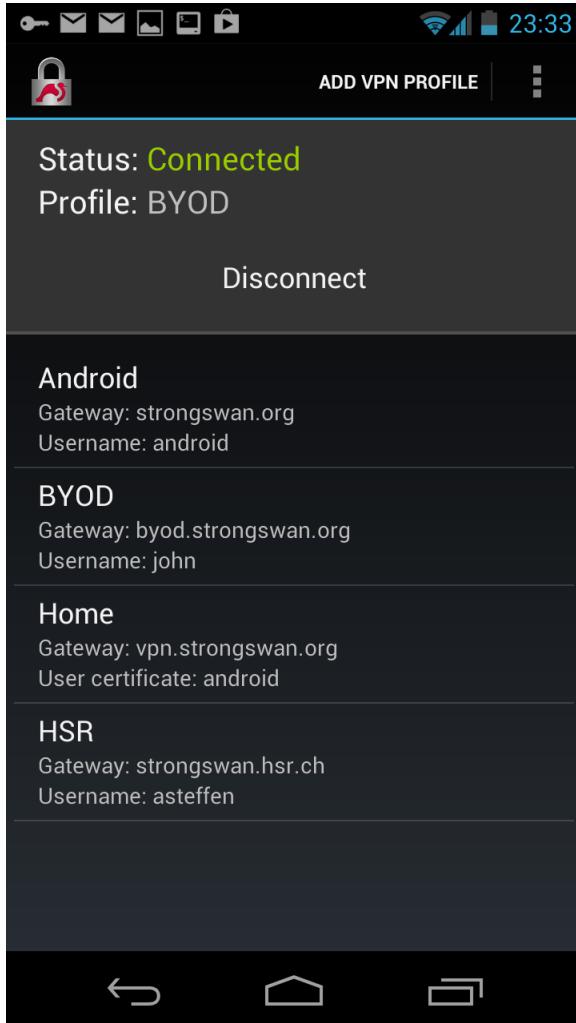
PB-TNC (RFC 5793)

```
[TNC] handling PB-PA message type 'IETF/Operating System' 0x0000000/0x000000001
[IMV] IMV 1 "OS" received message for Connection ID 1 from IMC 1
[TNC] processing PA-TNC message with ID 0xec41celd
[TNC] processing PA-TNC attribute type 'IETF/Product Information' 0x0000000/0x00000002
[TNC] processing PA-TNC attribute type 'IETF/String Version' 0x0000000/0x00000004
[TNC] processing PA-TNC attribute type 'ITA-HSR/Device ID' 0x00902a/0x00000008
```

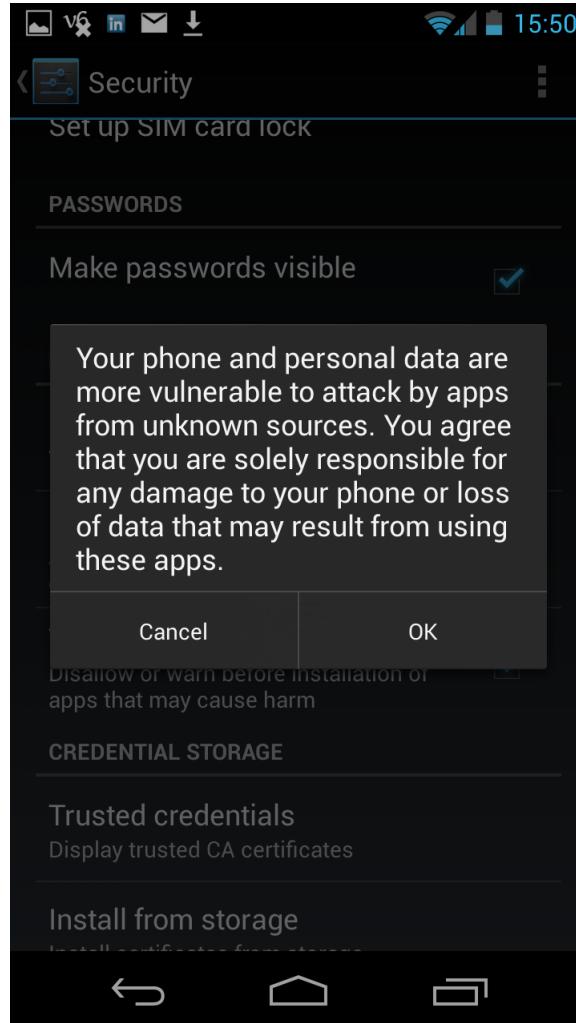
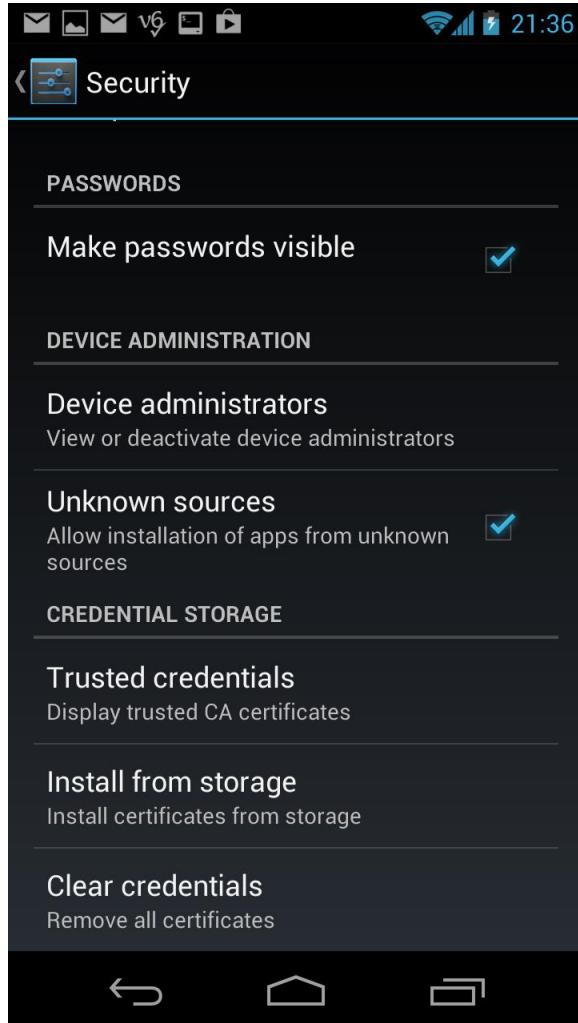
- TNC Measurement Data

```
[IMV] operating system name is 'Android' from vendor Google
[IMV] operating system version is '4.2.1'
[IMV] device ID is cf5e4cbcc6e6a2db
```

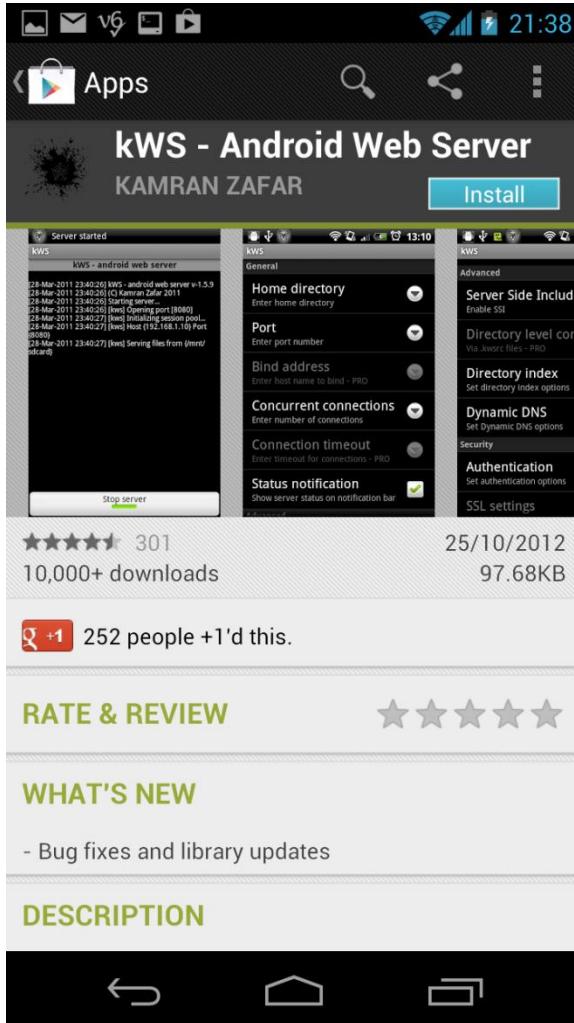
strongSwan Android VPN Client



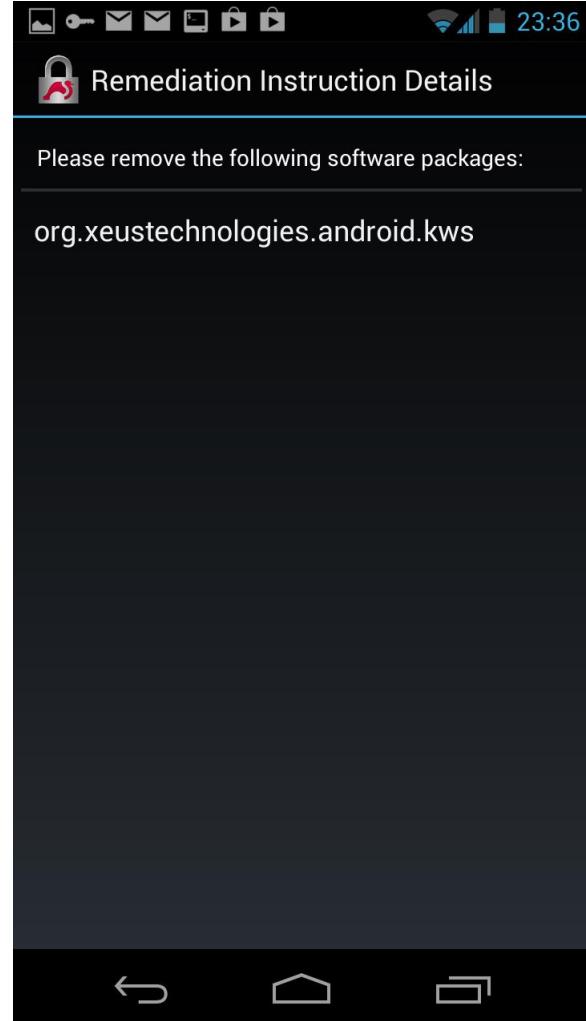
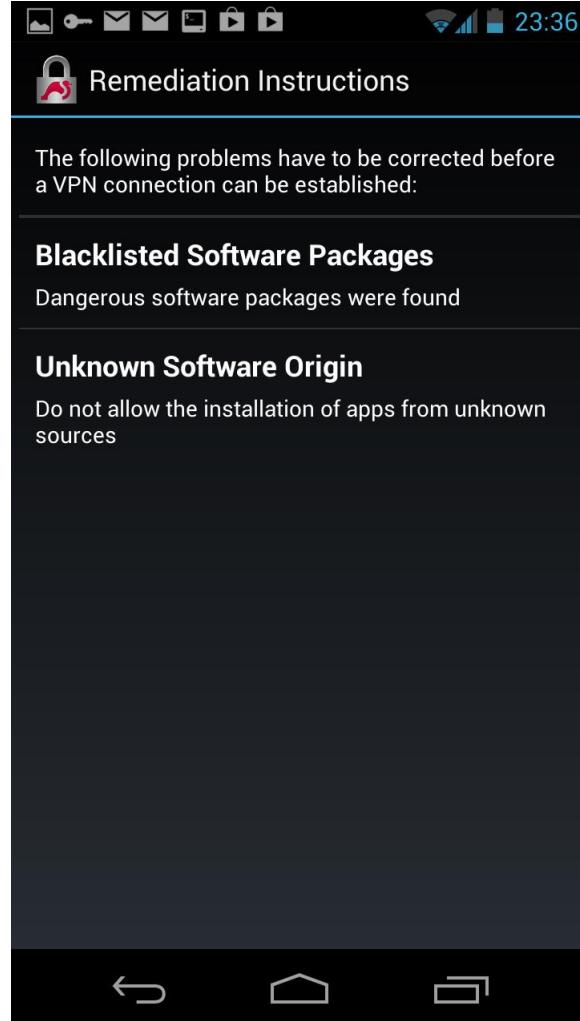
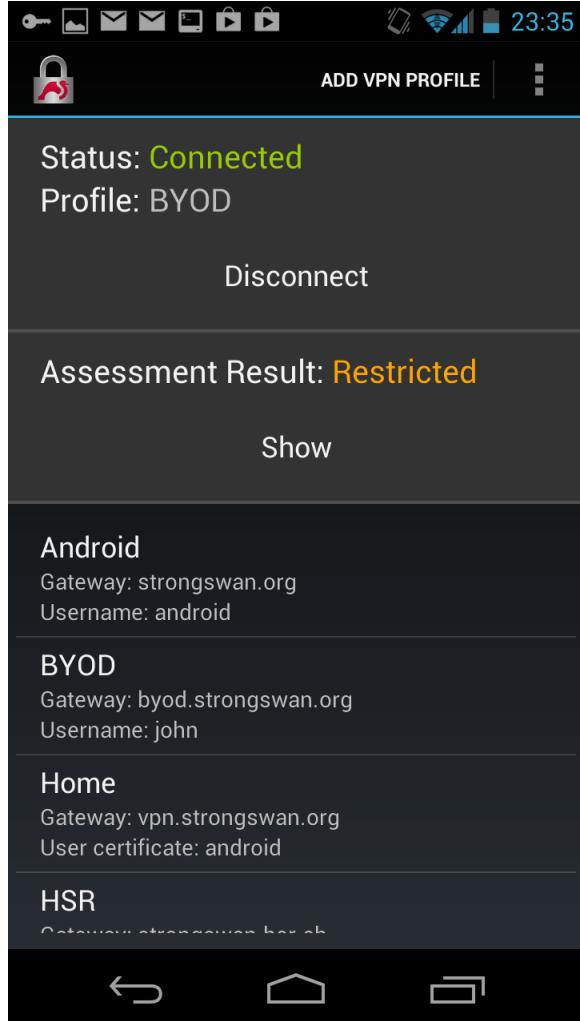
Allow Download from Unknown Sources



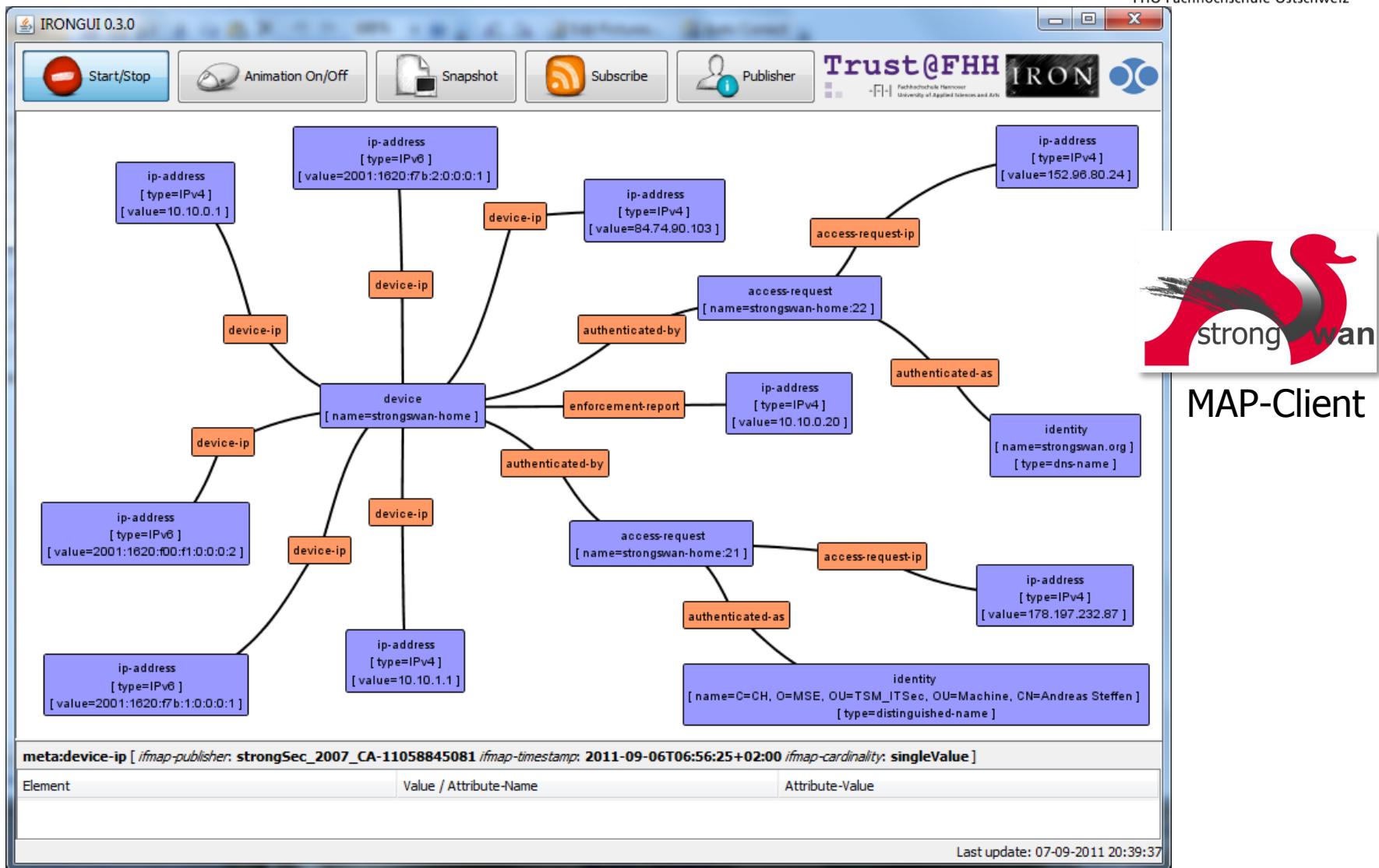
Install Blacklisted Android Web Server Package



Minor Non-Compliance: Isolate Client



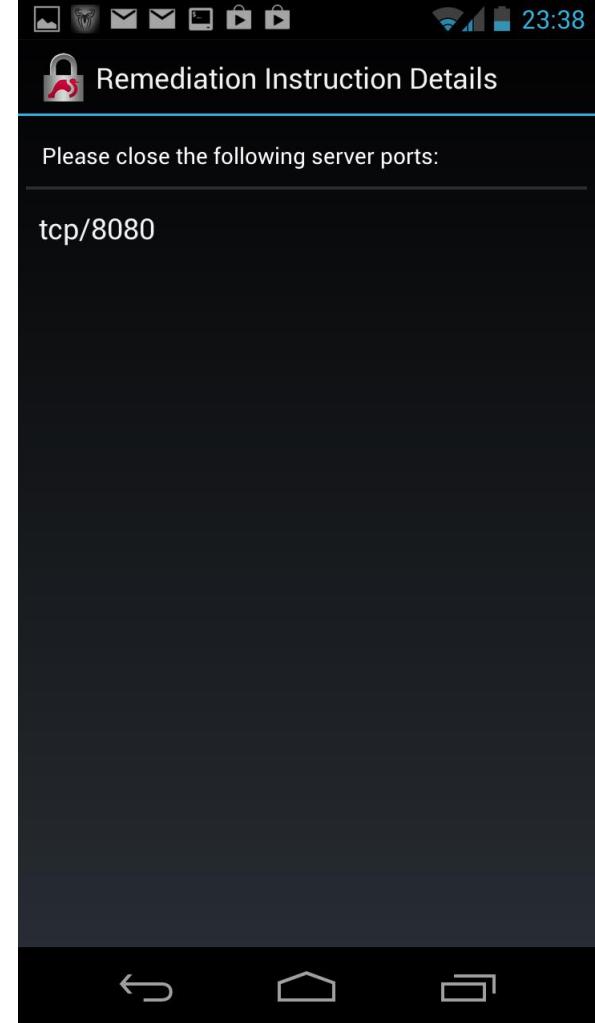
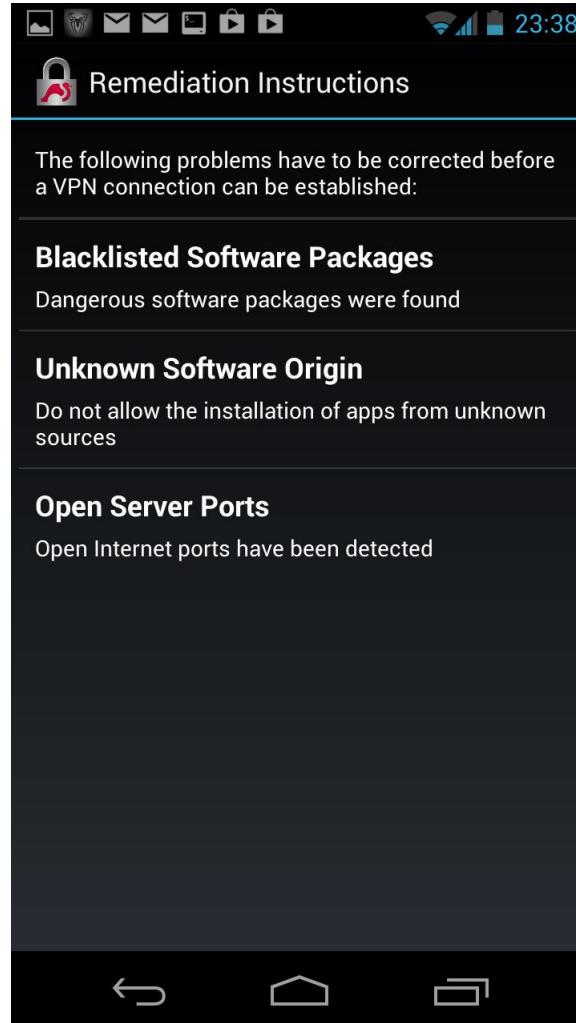
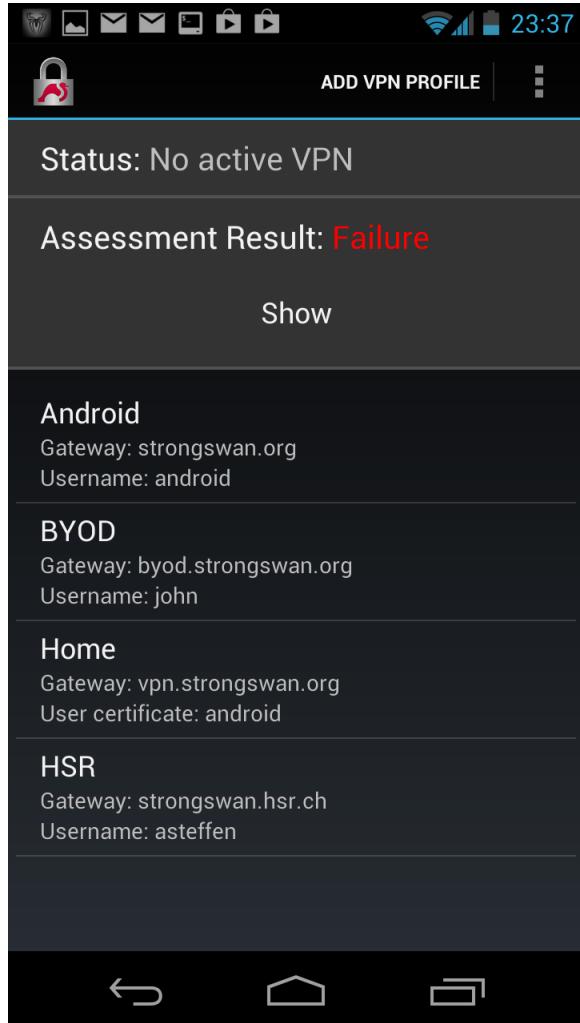
TNC Metadata Access Point (MAP) Protocol



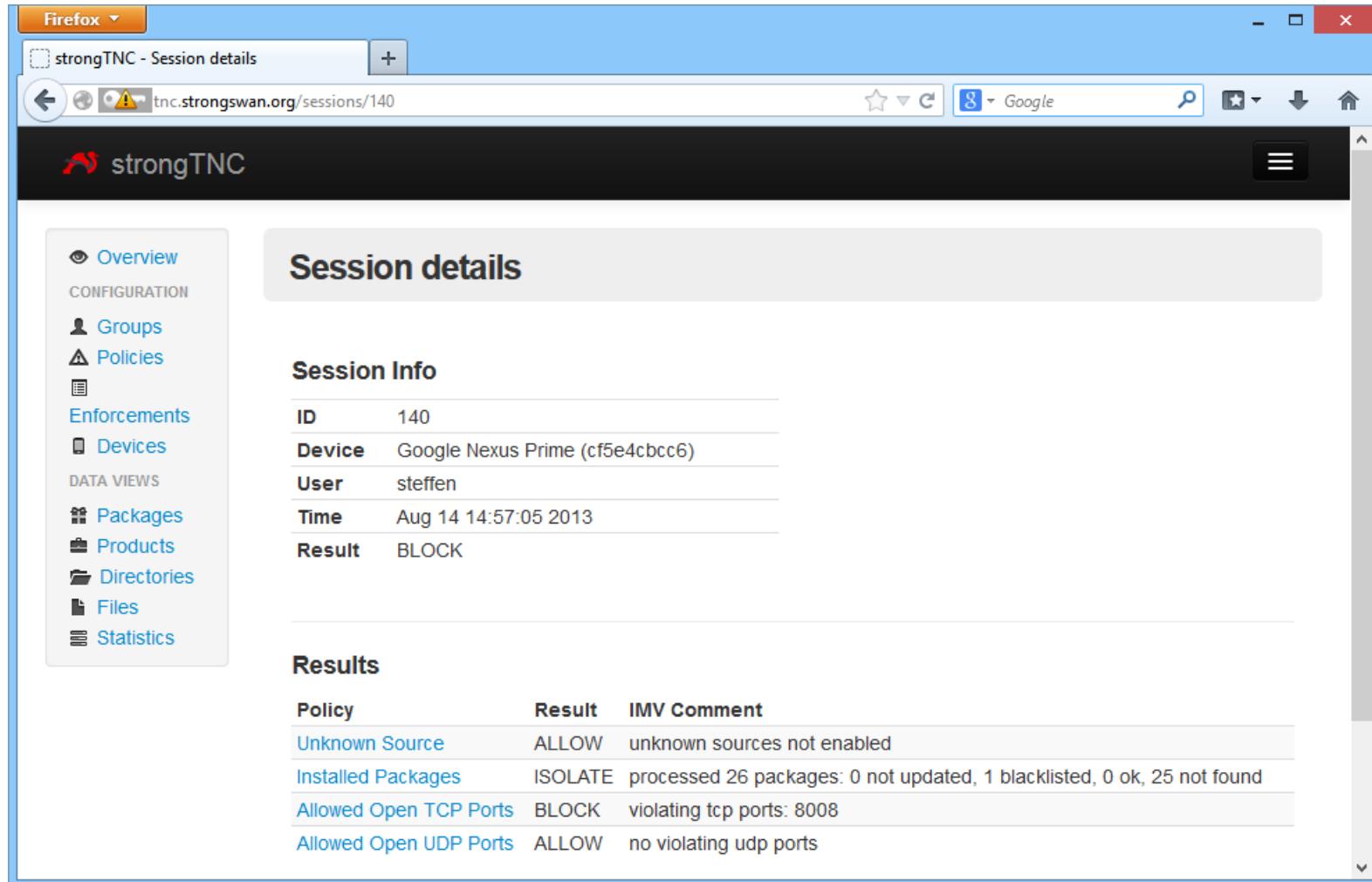
Start the Android Web Server



Major Non-Compliance: Block Client



strongTNC Policy Manager



The screenshot shows a Firefox browser window displaying the 'Session details' page of the strongTNC Policy Manager. The URL in the address bar is tnc.strongswan.org/sessions/140. The page has a dark header with the 'strongTNC' logo. On the left, a sidebar menu lists various sections: Overview, Groups, Policies, Enforcements, Devices, Packages, Products, Directories, Files, and Statistics. The 'Session details' section is currently active. It contains two main tables: 'Session Info' and 'Results'. The 'Session Info' table includes columns for ID (140), Device (Google Nexus Prime (cf5e4cbcc6)), User (steffen), Time (Aug 14 14:57:05 2013), and Result (BLOCK). The 'Results' table lists policies and their outcomes, such as Unknown Source (ALLOW), Installed Packages (ISOLATE), Allowed Open TCP Ports (BLOCK), and Allowed Open UDP Ports (ALLOW).

Policy	Result	IMV Comment
Unknown Source	ALLOW	unknown sources not enabled
Installed Packages	ISOLATE	processed 26 packages: 0 not updated, 1 blacklisted, 0 ok, 25 not found
Allowed Open TCP Ports	BLOCK	violating tcp ports: 8008
Allowed Open UDP Ports	ALLOW	no violating udp ports

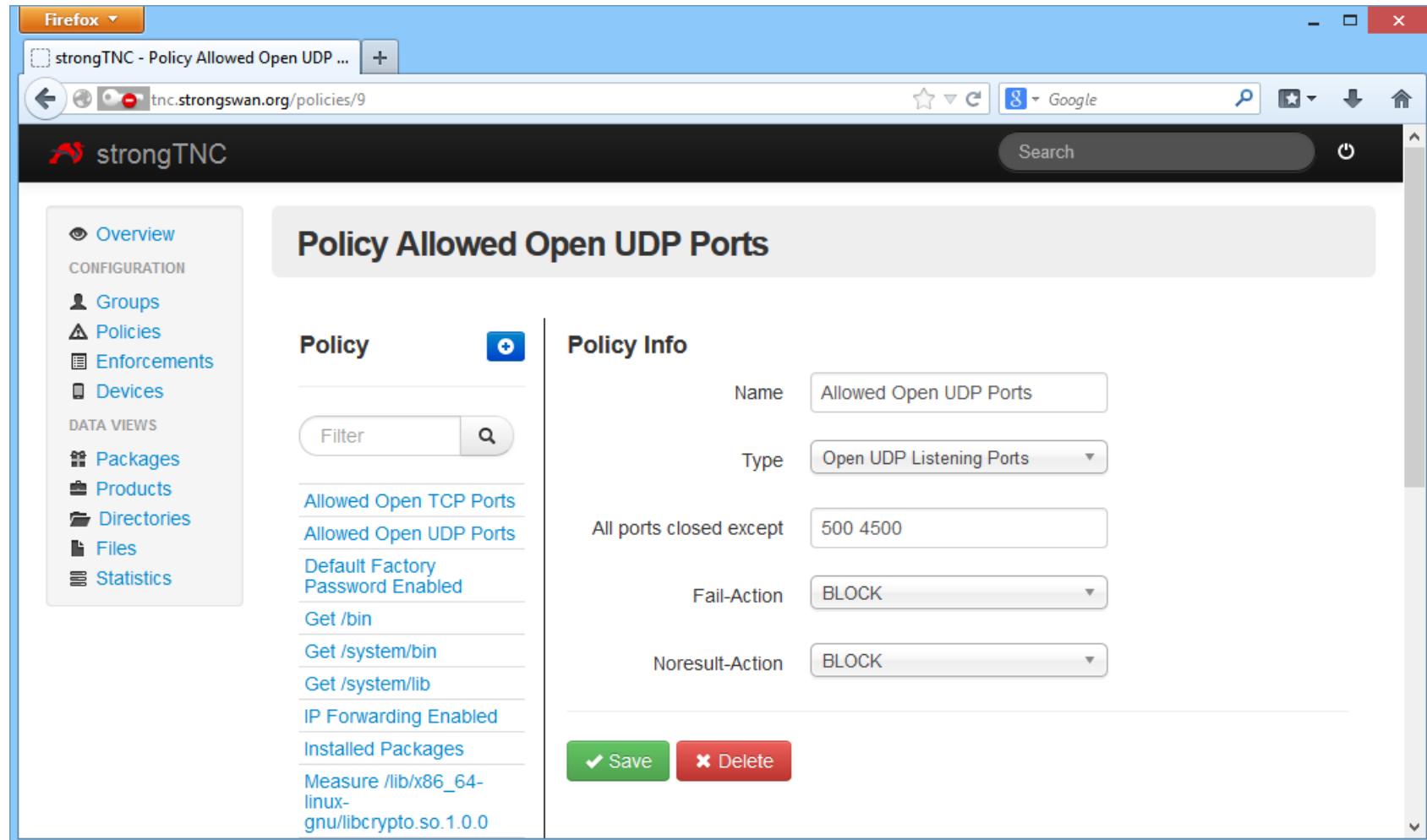
<https://github.com/strongswan/strongTNC>

Measurement Policies and Enforcements

Currently supported policy types:

• PWDEN	Factory Default Password Enabled	
• FWDEN	Forwarding Enabled	
• TCPOP	TCP Ports allowed to be Open	Closed Port Default Policy
• TCPBL	TCP Ports to be Blocked	Open Port Default Policy
• UDPOP	UDP Ports allowed to be Open	Closed Port Default Policy
• UDPBL	UDP Ports to be Blocked	Open Port Default Policy
• PCKGS	Installed Packages	
• UNSRC	Unknown Sources	
• SWIDT	Software ID (SWID) Tag Inventory	
• FREFM	File Reference Measurement	SHA1/SHA256 Hash
• FMEAS	File Measurement	SHA1/SHA256 Hash
• FMETA	File Metadata	Create/Modify/Access Times
• DREFM	Directory Reference Measurement	SHA1/SHA256 Hashes
• DMEAS	Directory Measurement	SHA1/SHA256 Hashes
• DMETA	Directory Metadata	Create/Modify/Access Times

Add/Edit Policies

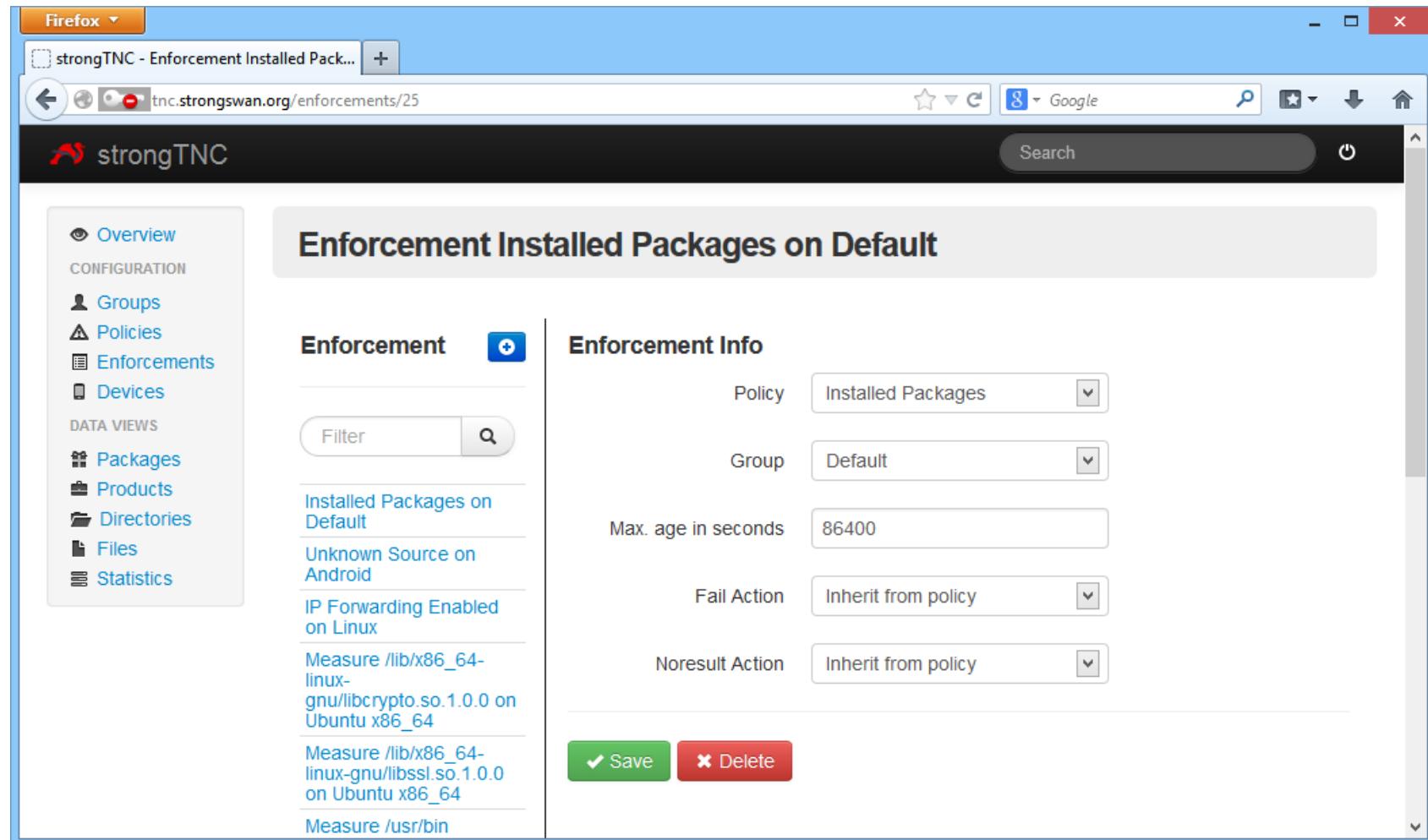


The screenshot shows a Firefox browser window displaying the [strongTNC - Policy Allowed Open UDP ...](http://tnc.strongswan.org/policies/9) page. The URL in the address bar is tnc.strongswan.org/policies/9. The page title is "strongTNC". On the left, a sidebar menu lists various configuration sections: Overview, Groups, Policies, Enforcements, Devices, Packages, Products, Directories, Files, and Statistics. The "Policies" section is currently selected. The main content area is titled "Policy Allowed Open UDP Ports". It displays a table with two columns: "Policy" and "Policy Info". The "Policy" column contains a list of policies: Allowed Open TCP Ports, Allowed Open UDP Ports, Default Factory, Password Enabled, Get /bin, Get /system/bin, Get /system/lib, IP Forwarding Enabled, Installed Packages, and Measure /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libcrypto.so.1.0.0. The "Policy Info" column shows the details for the "Allowed Open UDP Ports" policy, which is of type "Open UDP Listening Ports". The "All ports closed except" field contains "500 4500". The "Fail-Action" and "Noresult-Action" fields are both set to "BLOCK". At the bottom, there are "Save" and "Delete" buttons.

Policy	Policy Info
Allowed Open TCP Ports	Name: Allowed Open UDP Ports
Allowed Open UDP Ports	Type: Open UDP Listening Ports
Default Factory	All ports closed except: 500 4500
Password Enabled	
Get /bin	Fail-Action: BLOCK
Get /system/bin	Noresult-Action: BLOCK
Get /system/lib	
IP Forwarding Enabled	
Installed Packages	
Measure /lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libcrypto.so.1.0.0	

✓ Save ✗ Delete

Define Enforcements



The screenshot shows a Firefox browser window displaying the [strongTNC - Enforcement Installed Pack...](http://tnc.strongswan.org/enforcements/25) page. The URL bar also shows tnc.strongswan.org/enforcements/25. The page title is "strongTNC". On the left, a sidebar menu includes "Overview", "CONFIGURATION" (Groups, Policies, Enforcements, Devices), "DATA VIEWS" (Packages, Products, Directories, Files, Statistics), and "Enforcements" (selected). The main content area is titled "Enforcement Installed Packages on Default". It shows an "Enforcement" table with one row selected, labeled "Installed Packages on Default". The "Enforcement Info" section contains the following configuration:

Policy	Installed Packages
Group	Default
Max. age in seconds	86400
Fail Action	Inherit from policy
Noresult Action	Inherit from policy

At the bottom are "Save" and "Delete" buttons.

- The TNC protocols have become Internet Standards
- The TNC protocols are platform-independent and allow interoperability
- The TNC protocols support trustworthy TPM-based remote attestation
- The strongSwan BYOD Showcase demonstrates that TNC is ready for use
- The strongTNC policy manager bases measurements on past client behaviour

Danke für die
Aufmerksamkeit!

Fragen?

www.strongswan.org

